

Reading Your Pay Stub

It's important to understand the information on your pay stub to ensure that you're getting paid properly. Whether you get a paper check or payment by direct deposit, you receive a pay stub every pay period explaining what you've earned and any deductions from your pay.

At the top of your pay stub are six boxes which list:

1. PAYLOC:

Pay Location - This is the number of the work assignment location where you work.

2. FINANCE

NO: The USPS finance number assigned to your work office.

3. EMPLOYEE NAME

4. EMPLOYEE ID:

The employee identification number assigned to you when you were hired.

5. PAY PERIOD: The pay period for this earnings statement (first two digits) and the year of payment (second two digits).

6. SERIAL NUMBER: Either the serial number of the check issued to you or the sequence number of the earnings statement issued to you when your net pay has been directly deposited to a financial institution.

Below those boxes, your pay stub is composed of three main sections titled "Detail Earnings", "Gross to Net", and "Leave Status."

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PAYLOC		FINANCE NO.		EMPLOYEE NAME		EMPLOYEE ID		PAY PERIOD		SERIAL NUMBER		
DETAIL EARNINGS						GROSS TO NET				LEAVE STATUS		
WK	RSC/LEV	RATE	CODE	TYPE	HOURS	PAY	THIS PERIOD	YEAR-TO-DATE	ANNUAL LEAVE			
2	Q 01	15.00	84-4	W	4000	600.00	GROSS PAY	1402.50	4207.50	FROM PREV. YR		
2	Q 01	15.00	84-4	Q	300	450.00	FED TAXES	150.00	477.32	EARNED	THIS YR	1200
1	Q 01	15.00	84-4	W	4000	600.00	STATE TAXES	84.52	186.07	BAL.	THIS YR	1200
1	Q 01	15.00	84-4	Q	600	900.00	INSURANCE	85.55	255.13	USED	YR	
							MEDICARE	14.52	42.69	THIS	YR	PP
							UNL 1	23.02	69.06	BALANCE	THIS YR	1200
							UNL2			SECK LEAVE		
							UNL3			FROM PREV. YR		
							ALOT			EARNED THIS YR		
							ALOT			BALANCE		
							HT321	32.71	98.13	USED	YR	PP
										LEAVE WITHOUT PAY		
										THIS YR		
										CUMULATIVE		
										126		
										USPS RETIREMENT		
FLSA						8000	07					
						NET PAY		1054.53	NT BK			

DETAIL EARNINGS is a general heading for several entries which tell you the type and number of hours you are being compensated for, the week in which those hours occurred, the rate schedule and level, the designation/activity code, and the gross payment amount for the period. Those entries in this section and the meaning of each entry are as follows:

WK: Specifies the week, either 1 or 2, of the pay period in which the hours were worked.

RSC: Stands for Rate Schedule Code for the hours worked. For letter carriers, it will be a "Q". This code, combined with LEV, are significant and deserve special attention.

LEV: This is the grade level for the hours worked. "01" in this column stands for grade level 1 and "02" stands for grade level 2.

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RATE: Your hourly base rate of pay for the hours worked. The base rates are printed regularly in *The Postal Record*.

CODE: Your employee designation/activity code. For a city carrier assistant, the code would be 84-4.

TYP: Pay close attention to this column, which indicates the type of hours you earned. The standard type codes are: W—standard hours; O—overtime, for hours worked past eight a day, paid at 1.5 times the regular rate; V—penalty overtime, for hours worked past 10 a day or 56 a week, paid at twice the regular rate; N—night shift differential, for hours worked between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.; H—holiday pay; L—leave hours taken; and G—guaranteed time, for daily hours guaranteed by USPS but not worked.

HOURS: This space will show the actual hours and hundredths worked for every hour type listed. If you keep track of your hours worked in a record of your own, you will be able to immediately take steps to correct any errors on your pay stub.

PAY: This space will show the total gross pay for each type of hours worked.

If you worked more than 40 hours a week, at the bottom of this section

your pay stub will show you how many “FLSA” hours you worked. FLSA stands for Fair Labor Standards Act, a federal law that establishes requirements for items like overtime pay. It doesn’t indicate additional hours you worked.

Add up the pay for each category of hours worked and you have your gross pay. Of course, that’s not the final number on your paycheck, since several items will be deducted first. Those items are shown under “Gross to Net.”

GROSS TO NET is a general heading for two columns, which show the total gross pay, all deductions, and the resulting net pay for the current pay period (**THIS PERIOD**) and for your pay year-to-date (**YEAR-TO-DATE**). They may include taxes withheld, any allotments you have chosen, payments for health or life insurance, charitable donations you have authorized through the Combined Federal Campaign (CFC) or automatic donations to the NALC’s Letter Carrier Political Fund.

At the bottom of the pay stub, **NET PAY** shows the amount you receive after these deductions.

Under the **LEAVE STATUS** section you will see how many hours of leave you earned for the current pay period and how many you have accumulated for the year to date. If you have taken leave without pay, that will be indicated in this section as well.